NSW Independent Liquor & Gaming Authority

Our ref: DF25/047134

Mr Grant Cusack

Hatzis Cusack Lawyers

25 August 2025

Dear Mr Cusack

Application No.	APP-0014624364			
Applicant	STRING CHEESE PTY LTD			
Application for	New packaged liquor licence			
Application date	28 April 2025			
Decision date	16 July 2025			
Proposed licence name	The Artisan Cheese Room			
Proposed trading hours	Monday to Wednesday 10:00 AM – 06:00 PM Thursday 10:00 AM – 08:00 PM Friday 10:00 AM – 06:00 PM Saturday 09:00 AM – 05:00 PM Sunday 10:00 AM – 05:00 PM			
Proposed premises	370 Oxford Street Paddington NSW 2021			
Legislation	Sections 3, 11A, 12, 29, 30, 31, 40, 44, 45, 48, 53, 114 and 123 of the <i>Liquor Act 2007</i>			

Decision of the Independent Liquor & Gaming Authority Application for a new packaged liquor licence – The Artisan Cheese Room

We **approve** the application above under section 45 of the $Liquor\ Act\ 2007$ (the Act) — with the conditions set out in Schedule 1. The 6-hour closure period overrides any condition of the licence.

Approved manager or individual licensee

The licence cannot be exercised until the Authority or Liquor & Gaming NSW is notified that:

- the licence is transferred to an individual licensee, or an approved manager is appointed; and
- the licensee or approved manager is a suitable and qualified person.

Mixed-use checkouts must be closed outside licensed hours

Under section 103(2) of the Act, any counter or place used to sell or supply liquor under the licence, including any mixed-use checkouts in the liquor sales area, must be closed to the public outside the licensed trading hours.

Statement of reasons

We are satisfied that the overall impact of approving the application will be consistent with the objects of the Act and will contribute to, not detract from, the amenity of community life.

Our main findings

The local community for the purposes of this decision is the suburb of Paddington. The broader community is the Local Government Area (LGA) of Woollahra.

The application seeks to operate a small liquor sales area measuring 9 square metres with limited trading hours and a restricted liquor offering, which complement the existing food offerings of the Artisan Cheese Room.

We are satisfied that the proposal would benefit the local and broader communities by providing increased convenience and choice.

Social impacts

We accept that the proposal could contribute to increase in alcohol-related harm in the local and broader communities because of the:

- crime hotspots the proposed premises are located in medium-density crime hotspots for non-domestic assault, malicious damage to property, and alcohol related assault
- crime rates incidents rates for the following categories when compared to NSW rates:
 - alcohol-related non-domestic assault is higher in the suburb, although lower in the I GA
 - malicious damage to property is higher in the suburb, although lower in the LGA
 - alcohol-related assault is higher in the suburb and the LGA
- licence saturation the rate of packaged liquor licences is higher in the suburb than in NSW, however, it is lower in the LGA than in NSW
- health statistics the rate of alcohol-attributed hospitalisations in the LGA is higher than in NSW, however the rate of alcohol-attributed deaths in the LGA is lower than in NSW.

We also note that the below factors weigh in favour of approval of the application, and may also partially or fully mitigate some of the risks identified above:

- there were no objections from any government agencies or the wider community
- Socio-Economic Index for Areas (SEIFA) data indicates an above average level of socioeconomic advantage and disadvantage in the suburb and LGA compared to other communities in NSW¹

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¹ Research shows that the association between liquor outlet density and assaults is stronger in areas with higher percentages of ATSI and in areas with lower socio-economic status (Association of liquor outlet density with domestic and non-domestic assault in New South Wales; Jiang, H., Riordan, B., Laslett, A-M., Livingston, M., Lee, K., James, D., Stearne, A., & Room, R. (2024))

the proposed premises will operate under reduced trading hours

- the proposed premises will offer a limited selection of boutique liquors modest liquor sales area size of 9 square metres
- the harm-minimisation measures outlined in the plan of management and licence conditions, as set out in Schedule 1.

The material we considered

We considered the following material when making our decision:

- the application material including evidence that stakeholders and the community were notified about the application
- the legislation
- a Statement of Risks and Potential Effects
- the plan of the licensed premises and any authorisations
- a plan of management for the licensed business
- a development consent for the premises
- statistics from Liquor & Gaming NSW, Bureau of Crime Statistics and Research, NSW
 Health and Australian Bureau of Statistics on the socio-economic status, liquor licence
 density, alcohol-related crimes rates and health issues in the local and broader
 communities
- stakeholder submissions and the applicant's response to them.

We also considered <u>Guideline 6</u> to assess the overall impact to the local and broader community and <u>Guideline 10</u> relating to the sale of liquor in a supermarket.

This decision will be published in accordance with section 36C of the *Gaming and Liquor Administration Act* 2007.

Opportunity for review

The applicant and anyone who was notified of the application and made a submission, may apply to NCAT for a review of the decision.

An application for review must be made no later 28 days after the decision is published on the website. There is a fee to lodge the application.

For more information, please contact the NCAT Registry at Level 10 John Maddison Tower, 86-90 Goulburn Street Sydney or visit the NCAT website.

If you have any questions

Please contact Liquor & Gaming NSW at: new.applications@liquorandgaming.nsw.gov.au if you have any questions.

Yours sincerely

Caroline Lamb

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Chairperson

Independent Liquor & Gaming Authority

Schedule 1: Licence conditions to be imposed - The Artisan Cheese Room

No.	Condition to be imposed	Description		
1.	6-hour closure period	Section 11A of the Liquor Act 2007 applies to this licence. Liquor must not be sold by retail on the licensed premises for a continuous period of 6 hours between 3:00 AM and 09:00 AM during each consecutive period of 24 hours. The licensee must comply with this 6-hour closure period along with any other limits specified in the trading hours for this licence.		
2.	Retail sales	Good Friday: Not permitted December 24 th : Normal trading Monday to Saturday, 8:00 AM to 12:00 midnight Sunday Christmas Day: Not permitted December 31 st : Normal trading Monday to Saturday, 10:00 AM to 12:00 midnight Sunday		
3.	Overall impact	The business authorised by this licence must not operate with a greater level of overall impact on the well-being of the local and broader community than what could reasonably be expected from the information contained in the application and other information submitted in the process of obtaining the licence.		
4.	Liquor accord	The licensee or its representative must join and be an active participant in the local liquor accord.		
5.	Liquor plan of management	The premises is to be operated at all times in accordance with the Plan of Management dated June 2025 as may be varied from time to time after consultation with NSW Police. A copy of the Plan of Management is to be kept on the premises, and made available for inspection on the request of a police officer, council officer, Liquor and Gaming NSW inspector, or any other person authorised by the Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority.		
6.	Adequate separation	The liquor sales area must be adequately defined from the rest of the supermarket in accordance with the premises plan as approved by the Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority on 16 July 2025 or any premises plan subsequently approved by the Authority.		
7.	CCTV	 The licensee must maintain a closed-circuit television (CCTV) system at the specialty store in accordance with the following requirements: the system must record continuously from opening time until one hour after the supermarket/specialty store is required to close, recordings must be in digital format and at a minimum of ten (10) frames per second, any recorded image must specify the time and date of the recorded image, the system's cameras must cover the following areas:		

No.	Condition to be imposed	Description		
		ii. all publicly accessible areas (other than toilets) within the liquor sales area.		
		2. The licensee must also:		
		a. keep all recordings made by the CCTV system for at least 30 days,		
		b. ensure that the CCTV system is accessible at all times the system is required to operate pursuant to subclause 1(a), by at least one person able to access and fully operate the system, including downloading and producing recordings of CCTV footage, and		
		c. provide any recordings made by the system to a police officer or Liquor and Gaming NSW inspector within 24 hours of any request by the police officer or Liquor and Gaming NSW inspector to provide such recordings.		
8.	Crime scene preservation	Immediately after the person in charge of the licensed premises or a staff member becomes aware of any incident involving an act of violence causing injury to a person on the premises, the person in charge of the licensed premises and/or staff member must:		
		take all practical steps to preserve and keep intact the area where the act of violence occurred,		
		2. retain all material and implements associated with the act of violence in accordance with the crime scene preservation guidelines issued by NSW Police, as published from time to time on the Liquor and Gaming NSW website,		
		make direct and personal contact with NSW Police to advise it of the incident, and		
		4. comply with any directions given by NSW Police to preserve or keep intact the area where the violence occurred.		
		In this condition, 'staff member' means any person employed by, or acting on behalf of, the licensee of the premises, and includes any person who is employed to carry on security activities (e.g. crowd controller or bouncer) on or about the premises.		
9.	Incident register	The licensee must maintain a register, in which the licensee is to record the details of any of the following incidents and any action taken in response to any such incident:		
		any incident involving violence or anti-social behaviour occurring on the premises, any incident of which the licensee is aware that		
		b. any incident of which the licensee is aware that involves violence or anti-social behaviour occurring in the immediate vicinity of the premises and that involves a person who has recently left, or been refused admission to, the premises,		

No.	Condition to be imposed	Description	
		c. any incident that results in a person being turned out of the premises under section 77 of the Liquor Act 2007,	
		d. any incident that results in a patron of the premises requiring medical assistance.	
		2. The licensee must, if requested to do so by a police officer or Liquor & Gaming NSW inspector:	
		 a. make any such incident register immediately available for inspection by a police officer or Liquor & Gaming NSW inspector, and 	
		 allow a police officer or Liquor & Gaming NSW inspector to take copies of the register or to remove the register from the premises. 	
		3. The licensee must ensure that the information recorded in the incident register under this condition is retained for at least 3 years from when the record was made.	
10.	Specialised Liquor Products	1. The licensee must ensure that only the following liquor products are sold or supplied by the licensed business ("Business"), except as provided by sub-clause 2:	
		a. craft beer	
		b. craft cider	
		c. craft spirits	
		d. boutique wines (including sparkling wines and champagne)	
		e. organic and natural liquor products	
		2. Other complementary liquor products, provided that those other products do not exceed more than 10% of the total product lines or 10% of the total products stocked on the premises at any one time, are also permitted. For liquor products available for sale under this sub-clause, the licensee must maintain documentation that stock levels do not exceed either of the specified 10% thresholds.	
		3. The licensee must ensure that a list of the product lines and products stocked by the Business at any one time is kept at the premises and made available for inspection on the request of a police officer, Liquor & Gaming NSW inspector, or any other person authorised by the Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority.	
		4. For every liquor product that is available for sale under sub-clause 1, the licensee must maintain and make available for inspection on the premises documentation from the supplier confirming the location of production, and/or that the product meets the relevant definition specified in this condition.	
		<u>Definitions</u>	
		For the purposes of this condition:	
		1. Craft beer is defined as beer that is not generally considered to be mainstream beer, and is produced by a craft brewer:	
		a. which is located in Australia and produces less than 40 million litres of beer per annum, or located	

No.	Condition to be imposed	Description		
				overseas and produces less than 6 million barrels of beer per annum;
			b.	
			c.	which will certify that the majority of its total beverage alcohol volume is in beers whose flavour derives from traditional or innovative brewing ingredients and their fermentation (flavoured malt beverages are not considered beers).
		2.	СО	aft cider is defined as cider that is not generally nsidered to be mainstream cider, and is produced by a aft producer:
			a.	which is located in Australia and produces less than 40 million litres of cider per annum, or located overseas and produces less than 6 million barrels of cider per annum;
			b.	where not more than 25 percent of the producer is owned or controlled (or equivalent economic interest) by an industry participant that is not itself a craft cider producer; and
			c.	which will certify that the cider is made from liquid consisting only of juice (no concentrates).
		3.		aft spirits are defined as spirits that are not generally nsidered to be mainstream spirits and are:
			a.	the product of a distillery that has maximum annual sales of less than 100,000 proof gallons or 52,000 cases, or in the case of blended spirits, the product of an independently owned and operated facility that uses any combination of traditional and innovative techniques such as fermenting, distilling, re-distilling, blending, infusing or warehousing to create products with a unique flavour profile; and
			b.	distilled at a distillery where the spirit has either been run through a still by a craft distiller, or in the case of a blended spirit, the spirit has been distilled originally by a craft distiller.
		4.	wi of 25 ind	nutique wine is defined as wine (other than sparkling ne or champagne) that is manufactured by or on behalf a boutique wine company which crushes and bottles 0 tonnes or less annually under its own label and is dependently owned (i.e. not owned by a larger wine mpany at the time wine is supplied to the Business).
		5.	ch co wi	outique champagne and sparkling wine is defined as ampagne or sparkling wine that is not generally nsidered to be mainstream champagne or sparkling ne, that is, champagne or sparkling wine that is not mmonly sold by major liquor retailers.
		6.	O a.	rganic and natural liquor products are defined as: Organic liquors (including organic wines) that bear a
				recognised organic certification logo;
			b.	Wine that is labelled or marketed as organic wine, and is produced from vineyards and farms that are farmed organically or to organic standards, typically with

No.	Condition to be imposed	Description
		little or no additions in wine-making (whether or not the wine is certified as organic);
		c. Wine that is labelled or marketed as natural wine, and is produced from vineyards that are farmed organically or bio-dynamically, and then produced with no additions (additives) in wine-making, including MegaPurple, tartaric acid, enzymes, malabugs, and bottled with lower levels of sulphur or without sulphur (preservative 220); and
		d. Boutique wines that are marketed as organic, biodynamic or natural wines (including sparkling wine), and manufactured by or on behalf of a boutique wine company which crushes and bottles 250 tonnes or less annually under its own label and is independently-owned (i.e. not owned by a larger wine company at the time the licensee purchases wine wholesale from the supplier).